## KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

## KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	2
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS	7
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	8
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	9
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS	19



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors	
Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.	Э.
Kingman, Arizona	

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. (Authority) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc., as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 2 - 6 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Larson Allen LLP

LarsonAllen LLP

Mesa, Arizona October 5, 2011



We (the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. (Authority)) are pleased to provide an overview of our financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intended purpose of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to provide an introduction to the basic financial statements and notes, that provides an objective and easy to read analysis of our financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions, by providing an easily readable summary of operating results and reasons for changes, which will help to determine if our financial position improved or deteriorated over the past year. This report addresses current operational activities, the sources, uses, and changes in resources, adherence to budget, service levels, limitations, significant economic factors, and the status of infrastructure and its impacts on our debt and operation.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$21,756,791 (net assets). Total net assets include \$19,999,223 in capital assets and \$1,757,568 in unrestricted assets.
- The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s operations produced an operating loss of \$1,614,545 for the fiscal year. Although much of this loss can be attributable to non-cash depreciation expense on assets that were contributed by the federal government or acquired with the aid of grants, the Authority still relies on revenue from the building space and hangars that are continually leased to other parties.
- Lease revenues increased by 23% (\$105,159) to \$571,948.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis serves to introduce the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements have two components: 1) fund financial statements, and 2) notes to the basic financial statements. Separate government-wide financial statements are not presented since the Authority has only one enterprise fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc., like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Unlike most other governments, which have multiple funds, all of the Authority's activities are business-type activities and are accounted for in a single proprietary fund.

The statement of net assets presents information on the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as useful indicators of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets presents information on how the Authority's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

#### **Notes to Basic Financial Statements**

The notes to basic financial statements (pages 10 - 18) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements.

#### **FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net assets may serve as useful indicators of a government's financial position. At the end of the fiscal year, the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s assets exceeded liabilities by \$21,756,791.

Airports are capital-intensive enterprises. Approximately 92% of the Authority's net assets are invested in capital assets. The Authority uses these assets to provide aviation access and services to the flying public and the surrounding community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

#### Table A-1 Net Assets

	2011	2010	% Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,830,524	\$ 2,764,808	(33.8) %
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	19,999,223	21,192,175	(5.6)
Total Assets	21,829,747	23,956,983	, ,
Long-Term Liabilities	-	319,837	(100.0)
Other Liabilities	72,956	303,045	(75.9)
Total Liabilities	72,956	622,882	
Net Assets:			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	19,999,223	20,802,727	(3.9)
Unrestricted	1,757,568	2,531,374	(30.6)
Total Net Assets	\$ 21,756,791	\$ 23,334,101	(6.8)

Net assets decreased by \$1,577,310, or 7% from the previous fiscal year-end. This was primarily due to decreased capital contributions received during the fiscal year.

### **Business-Type Activities**

All of the Authority's activities are classified as business-type activities. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. is able to report a positive balance in its net assets.

Table A-2
Changes in Net Assets

		2011		2011		2010	% Change	
REVENUES						•		
Leases	\$	571,948	\$	466,789	22.5	%		
Capital Grants and Contributions		4,613		4,988,661	(99.9)			
Other		431,046		1,063,803	(59.5)			
Total Revenues		1,007,607		6,519,253	(84.5)			
EXPENSES								
Depreciation		1,401,983		1,169,864	19.8			
Other Operating Expenses		1,164,720		1,202,706	(3.2)			
Non-operating Expenses		18,214		76,742	(76.3)			
Total Expenses		2,584,917		2,449,312	5.5			
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(1,577,310)		4,069,941	(138.8)			
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		23,334,101		19,264,160	21.1			
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	21,756,791	\$	23,334,101	(6.8)			

Lease revenues increased by \$105,159 due to increased occupancy and rental rates.

Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$4,984,048 mainly due to the decreased funding from the Federal Aviation Administration for the Authority's capital improvements.

Other revenues decreased by \$632,757 primarily as a result of the Authority having no land sales during the fiscal year.

The Authority's expenses increased by less than 6%. This increase was not significant.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Authority prepares a budget annually which is submitted to the Board of Directors for approval during the spring of each year. The budget is used as a management tool; it is not a legally binding document. The budget and annual comparisons of actual to budget is prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. There were no significant changes to the budget during the year. Although the budget is not legally adopted, it is an important management tool used throughout the fiscal year. See page 19 for a presentation of the budget to actual comparison for the fiscal year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s capital assets as of June 30, 2011 amount to \$19,999,223 (net of accumulated depreciation), a net decrease of 6%. The capital assets include runways and taxiways; buildings; improvements; machinery and equipment. A large majority of these assets were contributed to the airport directly or were purchased with the aid of federal and state grants.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- North/South apron improvements.
- Environmental assessment for land release.
- Sewer line improvements.
- Environmental assessment for 80 acres.

The following table provides a breakdown of the capital assets of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. at June 30, 2011 and 2010.

## Table A-3 Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	 Business-Ty	∕pe Ac	tivities
	2011		2010
Land Improvements	\$ 15,938,166	\$	16,811,242
Building and Improvements	3,271,075		3,441,711
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment	376,834		440,307
Construction in Progress	413,148		498,915
Total Capital Assets	\$ 19,999,223	\$	21,192,175

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. had no long-term obligations outstanding. The Authority's debt previously consisted of two separate bank notes with payments made monthly. The Authority paid off both bank notes during the year.

The following schedule shows the outstanding obligations of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. (both current and long-term) as of June 30, 2011 and 2010. Further detail on the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s outstanding obligations may be found in Note 3.B. on page 15.

## Table A-4 Outstanding Obligations

	201	11	 2010
Notes Payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 389,448

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The general economy in Kingman remains flat, as the community is experiencing no new construction. Home sales reflect disposition of foreclosed properties and consumer confidence remains reserved. In the last year, job creation at the airport industrial park has not offset job loss through plant layoffs.

National economic conditions as well as "difficult" economic conditions in California have reduced the number of new inquiries from East Coast and Midwest companies looking to expand operations into the Southwest. Kingman's location makes the community suited logistically for a manufacturer to service southern California, Arizona, Nevada, as well as parts of Utah and New Mexico overnight. Proceeds from land sales within the industrial park as a result of growth will be utilized to construct basic infrastructure and capital improvement projects for the airfield and industrial park.

Lease revenues and user fees will continue to fund the Authority's operations. Lease opportunities are being pursued and encouraged along with promoting land sales. New leases include an automatic annual adjustment of 3% of the base rate effective July 1, of each year, and as older leases expire, they will be replaced with language incorporating automatic adjustments as well.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc.'s finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the use of public funds. Questions about any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. Accounting Department 7000 Flightline Drive Kingman, AZ 86401 928-757-2134

## KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC. STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2011

Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,650,322
Receivables, Net		
Accounts Receivable		119,473
Intergovernmental Receivable		60,229
Interest Receivable		500
Total Current Assets		1,830,524
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Non-Depreciable		413,148
Depreciable, Net, (Including Property on Operating Leases of \$1,562,073		
Less Accumulated Depreciation of \$702,156)		19,586,075
Total Noncurrent Assets		19,999,223
Total Assets	\$	21,829,747
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	18,631
Accrued Wages and Benefits	•	28,743
Compensated Absences Payable		22,582
Customer Deposit Payable		3,000
Total Liabilities		72,956
		,000
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets		19,999,223
Unrestricted		1,757,568
Total Net Assets		21,756,791
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	21,829,747

# KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Operating Revenues		
Leases	\$ 571,9	948
Intergovernmental	77,6	808
Airport Usage Fees	302,6	
Total Operating Revenues	952,	
Operating Expenses		
Personnel	479,2	200
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	145,4	468
Office Expense	19,7	770
Professional Services	72,2	252
Maintenance and Repairs	92,4	<b>474</b>
Motor Pool	25,3	353
Operational Expense	330,2	203
Depreciation	1,401,9	983
Total Operating Expenses	2,566,7	703
Operating Loss	(1,614,5	545)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Contributions and Donations	9,9	913
Interest Revenue	18,8	353
Application Fees	2,0	000
Miscellaneous Revenues	20,0	070
Interest Expense	(3,2	257)
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(14,9	957)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	32,6	322
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	(1,581,9	923)
Capital Contributions	4,6	613
Change in Net Assets	(1,577,	310)
Total Net Assets, Beginning of Year	_23,334,	101
Total Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 21,756,7	791

## KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 866,575
Payments to Suppliers	(854,854)
Payments to Employees	(472,344)
Customer Deposits Received	2,000
Other Nonoperating Revenues	31,983
Net Cash Flows Used for Operating Activities	 (426,640)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Capital Grants and Contributions	37,249
Purchases of Capital Assets	(223,988)
Principal Paid on Notes Payable	(389,448)
Interest Paid on Notes Payable	(309,440)
Net Cash Flows Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (579,444)
Net dasiff lows used for dapital and Nelated Financing Activities	(3/3,444)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest	18,353
Net Cash Flows Provided from Investing Activities	18,353
N. 10	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(987,731)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 2,638,053
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,650,322
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,614,545)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,401,983
Other Nonoperating Revenues	31,983
Change in Assets/Liabilities:	
Accounts Receivable	(44,280)
Intergovernmental Receivable	(41,303)
Accounts Payable	(169,334)
Accrued Wages and Benefits	6,064
Compensated Absences Payable	792
Deposits Payable	 2,000
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (426,640)

### NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. (Authority) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the Authority's more significant accounting policies follows.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. (Authority) was incorporated in the State of Arizona in July 1992, as a nonprofit corporation. The Authority operates, maintains, and manages the Kingman Airfield and Industrial Park, collectively known as the Airport for the City of Kingman, Arizona. The Authority is administered by the board of directors who are elected by the membership of the Authority.

The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. was formed by transferring the assets and liabilities of the Mohave County Airport Authority, Inc., which related to the Kingman Airfield and Industrial Park, to the Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. The Authority leases the real property at no cost from the City of Kingman, Arizona under a long term lease. Primary sources of funding for the Authority are rents from subleasing real property, proceeds from the sale of real property located in the Kingman Airport Industrial Park, and grants from other governmental units. Functions financed by the Authority include management, maintenance, and development of the Kingman Airfield and the Kingman Airport Industrial Park. The Authority is considered to be a political subdivision of the State of Arizona, Mohave County and the City of Kingman, Arizona with the responsibility of carrying out the function of airport management.

In evaluating how to define the Authority, for financial reporting purposes, management has identified no potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity would have been made by applying criteria set forth by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Generally, component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government (i.e., the Authority) are financially accountable. The primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit if it: appoints a voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body; and, either is able to impose its will on the potential component unit or there is a possibility of the potential component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government.

In addition, a primary government may be financially accountable for a potential component unit even though the potential component unit may have a separately elected governing board, a board appointed by another government, or a jointly appointed board if the potential component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary government (e.g., the primary government must approve the potential component unit's budget, tax rates, etc.). Because no potential component units were identified in defining the Authority's reporting entity, none have been included in the Authority's reporting entity.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are not presented, as the Authority only engages in business-type activities. The Authority only has one fund, an enterprise fund. Accordingly, the statement of net assets, the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and the statement of cash flows report information for that single enterprise fund only.

## C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The statement of net assets and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets are reported using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Such revenue is subject to review by the funding agency, which may result in disallowance in subsequent periods.

The Authority reports the following proprietary fund:

The Enterprise Fund is used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for the business-type activities subject to this same limitation. The Authority has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash and investments held by the State Treasurer, and highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities, authorities or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### 2. Receivables

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible receivables. The Authority annually reviews the balance in the reserve account during the budget process to determine if, based on past history, the account is adequate to cover current trade receivables. If judged to be inadequate, an additional amount is budgeted and recorded over the course of the year. Receivables from governments are assumed to be entirely collectible and are not included in this analysis.

#### 3. Capital Assets

Property, plant and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized was calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements 10-30 Years
Building and Improvements 7-30 Years
Furniture, Machinery and Equipment 3-8 Years

### NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The Authority adopts an annual nonappropriated budget as a management control device. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, which is a different basis of accounting than is used to present the financial statements. (See Note 4.C. for reconciliation).

#### NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Assets

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2011 consist of the following:

Deposits:	
Cash in Bank	\$ 544,456
Certificates of Deposit	1,005,620
Investments:	
Money Market Mutual Fund	 100,246
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 1,650,322

**Deposits** - The Authority's deposits at June 30, 2011, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and collateral accounts.

Investments - The Money Market Mutual Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

## NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets

## 2. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

		ginning alance	Increases		Increases Decrease		ecreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:									
Construction in Progress	\$	498,915	\$	223,988	\$	(309,755)	\$	413,148	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Land Improvements:									
Airfield	15	,893,415		220,313		(526)	10	6,113,202	
Industrial Park	8	,991,904		89,442		(32,706)	9	9,048,640	
Buildings and Improvements:									
Airfield	4	,342,310		_		-	4	4,342,310	
Industrial Park		2,060		-		-		2,060	
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment		834,828				(9,695)		825,133	
Total Carital Assets D.									
Total Capital Assets, Being	00	004.547				(40.00-)			
Depreciated	30	,064,517		309,755		(42,927)	30	0,331,345	
Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Land improvements:									
Airfield	(4,	,874,861)		(781,863)		269	(	5,656,455)	
Industrial Park	(3,	,199,216)		(386,011)		18,006	(;	3,567,221)	
Buildings and Improvements:									
Airfield	(	(902,041)		(170,567)		-	(	1,072,608)	
Industrial Park		(618)		(69)		-		(687)	
Furniture, Machinery, and Equipment		(394,521)		(63,473)		9,695		(448,299)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9	,371,257)		1,401,983)		27,970	(10	0,745,270)	
Total Capital Assets, Being									
Depreciated, Net	20,	693,260		1,092,228)		(14,957)	19	9,586,075	
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$21,	192,175	\$	(868,240)	\$	(324,712)	\$ 19	9,999,223	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

## **Business-Type Activities:**

Airfield	\$ 1,015,903
Industrial Park	 386,080
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,401,983

## NOTE 3 DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

#### A. Assets

#### 3. Construction Commitments

The Authority has several active construction projects at June 30, 2011. The projects involve infrastructure, ramp reconstruction and other miscellaneous projects. At fiscal year end the Authority's commitments with contractors were as follows:

Business-type					
Project		Spent-to-date		Remaining Commitment	
Environmental Assessment Land Release Environmental Assessment For 80 Acres Terminal Design	\$	194,980 71,988 146,180	\$	115,519 13,808 52,730	
	\$	413,148	\$	182,057	

#### **B.** Long-Term Obligations

During the fiscal year, the Authority paid off both outstanding notes. This was prior to the original maturity date. Notes payable at June 30, 2011, consisted of the following.

Description	Interest Rates (%)	Maturity	Original Issue Amount		Outstanding Principal June 30, 2011		
Mohave State Bank Loan Mission Bank Loan	4.90% 4.34	06/15/15 07/01/11	\$	277,726 278,340	\$	-	
			\$	556,066	\$	-	

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2011 are as follows:

Pusinoss Type Activities	July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2011	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities Notes Payable	\$ 389,448	\$ -	\$(389,448)	\$ -	\$ -

#### NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The Kingman Airport Authority, Inc. is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which it carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. In addition, the Authority is insured by Arizona State Workers Compensation Insurance Fund for potential job-related accidents.

#### B. Lease Revenues

Buildings and Impressions and AirCald

The Authority subleases, under operating leases, certain property and improvements.

The operating leases have varying terms ranging from a month-to-month basis to twenty-seven years. Most leases extending over a one-year period contain a rent adjustment based on the consumer price index. Some leases contain an option to renew for a similar term.

4 400 044

The following is a summary of property on operating leases at June 30, 2011:

	\$	859,917
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(702,156)
Land and Improvements - Airtield  Land and Improvements - Industrial Park	Ъ	1,460,811 101,262

Minimum future rentals to be received on non-cancelable leases as of June 30, 2011, for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are:

Year Ended June 30,	
2012	\$ 700,615
2013	536,091
2014	133,689
2015	134,041
2016	133,819
Subsequent to 2016	 1,018,539
Total Minimum Future Rentals	\$ 2,656,794

## NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### C. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The adopted budget of the Enterprise Fund was prepared on the modified accrual basis. Consequently, the following adjustments are necessary to reconcile budgetary to GAAP basis.

		Enterprise Fund			
		Total Operating Revenues		Total Operating Expenses	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in					
Fund Net Assets	\$	952,158	\$	2,566,703	
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses Adjustments to Present Data on the Budgetary Basis:		50,836		18,214	
Additions		4,613		613,436	
Subtractions	<del></del>			(1,416,940)	
Statement of Revenues, and Expenses - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)	_\$_	1,007,607	\$	1,781,413	

### **D. Related Party Transactions**

Three of the Authority's board members and one of the Authority's employees are affiliated with the banking institutions in which the Authority transacts business as either employees or board members of those institutions. At June 30, 2011, the deposits in Mohave State Bank totaled \$144,653. At June 30, 2011, the deposits in Mission Bank totaled \$1,505,668.

## NOTE 4 OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

#### E. Retirement Plans

#### **Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

The Authority's 401(a) Retirement Plan is a defined contribution pension plan established by the Authority and administered by Nationwide Life Insurance to provide benefits at retirement to all full-time employees of the Authority. At June 30, 2011, there were nine plan members. Plan members are required to contribute 6% of covered salary. The Authority is also required to contribute 6% of covered salary. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Authority's governing board. Covered payroll for the year totaled \$474,635. Employee contributions totaled \$23,288 and employer contributions totaled \$23,288 for the year ended June 30, 2011. Employee and employer contributions for the years ending June 30, 2009 and 2010 both totaled \$25,866 and \$22,937, respectively.

#### F. FAA Commitment for Future Improvements

The Authority is obligated by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to invest an amount equal to the net proceeds of land sales at the Kingman Airport Industrial Park in improvements to and operations of the Kingman Airfield within five years from the date of the sale. The Authority obtained authorization from the FAA during fiscal year 2009-10 to deduct prior year operating expenses from the beginning balance. In fiscal year 2009-10 the Authority had applied enough operating expenses to the fund that it was zeroed out. The Authority did not make any land sales during the 2010-11 fiscal year. The Authority had no amounts obligated to be spent for airfield improvements and operations at June 30, 2011. In addition, the Authority has an additional amount of \$10,567,857 of operating expenses that can be used to offset future year land sales.

#### G. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to June 30, 2011, the Authority was approved for an Airport Improvement Grant from the FAA. The project will be for runway construction and repair in the amount of \$1,599,556.

## KINGMAN AIRPORT AUTHORITY, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

	Original and Final Budget	•	
Revenue			
Leases	\$ 487,677	\$ 571,948	\$ 84,271
Intergovernmental Revenue	75,000	77,608	2,608
Contributions and Donations	=	9,913	9,913
Interest Revenue	30,000	18,853	(11,147)
Application Fees	6,000	2,000	(4,000)
Land Sales	325,000	2,000	(325,000)
Capital Contributions	1,537,500	4,613	(1,532,887)
Miscellaneous Revenues	1,250	20,070	18,820
Airport Usage Fees	185,200	302,602	117,402
Total Operating Revenues	2,647,627	1,007,607	(1,640,020)
Operating Expenses			
Personnel	495,700	479,200	16,500
Payroll Taxes and Benefits	155,408	145,468	9,940
Office Expenses	21,550	19,770	1,780
Professional Services	118,500	72,252	46,248
Maintenance and Repairs	168,500	92,474	76,026
Motor Pool	35,500	25,353	10,147
Operational Expense	371,350	330,203	41,147
Debt Service	-	392,705	(392,705)
Capital Outlay	2,553,100	223,988	2,329,112
Total Operating Expenses	3,919,608	1,781,413	2,138,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue			
Over Expenses	\$ (1,271,981)	\$ (773,806)	\$ 498,175